## AQA Religious Studies A - Christian Beliefs

Key Words			
Ascension	Jesus returning to be with God in heaven after the crucifixion	Omnipotent	God's nature as all-powerful
Atonement	Making things better after sinning, asking for forgiveness from God	Original Sin	The built-in tendency to do wrong which comes from Eve's disobedience
Benevolent	God's nature as all-loving	Resurrection	Jesus returning from the dead after he was crucified
Crucifixion	Jesus' execution by the Romans on the cross	Salvation	Being saved from sin and given eternal life in heaven by God
Incarnation	God becoming flesh in the form of Jesus Christ	Sin	Any thought or action which goes against God's will
Just	God's nature as fair	Trinity	God's nature as three-parts-in-one, the Father, Son and Holy Spirit

## **Key Ideas** - Christians believe in one God who is the creator and the sustainer of all that exists **Nature of God** - God is **omnipotent** which means they are almighty and have unlimited power - God is benevolent which means they are all-loving and all-good - God is just which means they are a perfect and fair judge - The Problem of Suffering asks: if God is all these things why do they allow bad things to happen to good and innocent people? - Christians believe God is three persons in one. This idea is called the Trinity. The Trinity - Each person of the Trinity is fully God but the three persons of the Trinity are not the same. - The Father is the creator of all life - The **Son** is Jesus Christ who is both fully human and fully God - The Holy Spirit is the unseen power of God at work in the world, especially answering prayers "We believe in one God, Father, Son and Holy Spirit" – The Nicene Creed Crucifixion Incarnation - Jesus travelled to Jerusalem to preach and he was - Christians believe that God was incarnated (born) sentenced to death by Pontius Pilate in human form as Jesus Christ **Incarnation and Crucifixion** - Jesus was then nailed to a cross where he died. - Mary was impregnated by the Holy Spirit and gave - In his last moments Jesus was able to forgive those birth as a virgin - for Christians this is proof of Jesus' who were killing him showing Christians how status as the son of God important forgiveness is - Christmas is the festival that celebrates the - This event is remembered on Good Friday incarnation "Forgive them father, they know not what they do" "The word became flesh" - John 1:14 - Luke 23:34 Resurrection - After Jesus was dead and buried Christians believe - Forty days after he rose from the dead Jesus he rose from the dead – this is the resurrection ascended (went up) into heaven - Early on the Sunday three women visited his tomb **Resurrection and Ascension** expecting to find his body but it was not there A belief in resurrection and ascension ... - After his resurrection Jesus appeared to his disciples and told them to spread the word of him - Shows life after death is real - This event is celebrated on Easter Sunday - Assures Christians they will rise again after death "He is risen" - Christians say this to each other on and live on in the afterlife **Easter Sunday** - Leads Christians to try and lead a good life - Christians believe you are judged after you die (see Religion and Life) and how well or badly you have lived and treated others decides if you go to heaven or hell Sin and Salvation - Sin is any action or thought that goes against God's will, Christians can look in the Bible for advice on what is a sin e.g. murder (you shall not kill) and adultery (cheating, you shall not commit adultery) - God gave humans free will but they should use that freedom to make good choices and not sin - Salvation is the idea that Jesus's crucifixion saves human beings from eternal damnation - The death of Jesus made up for original sin - the idea that we were all damned by Eve's choice to disobey

God – it allows us to atone for sins and reach eternal life in heaven